



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

December 18, 2013

Ms. Danielle R. Folsom  
Assistant City Attorney  
Legal Department  
City of Houston  
P.O. Box 368  
Houston, Texas 77001-0368

OR2013-22038

Dear Ms. Folsom:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 509062 (GC No. 20883).

The Houston Police Department (the "department") received a request for disciplinary records and internal affairs complaints for ten named officers. You state you will release some of the responsive information. You claim the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This exception encompasses information other statutes make confidential. You raise section 552.101 in conjunction with section 143.089 of the Local Government Code for the submitted information. You state the City of Houston is a civil service city under chapter 143 of the Local Government Code. Section 143.089 provides for the existence of two different types of personnel files relating to a police officer: one that must be maintained as part of the officer's civil service file and another the police department may maintain for its own internal use. *See* Local Gov't Code § 143.089(a), (g). The officer's civil service file

must contain certain specified items, including commendations, periodic evaluations by the police officer's supervisor, and documents relating to any misconduct in which the department took disciplinary action against the officer under chapter 143 of the Local Government Code. *Id.* § 143.089(a)(1)-(2). Chapter 143 prescribes the following types of disciplinary actions: removal, suspension, demotion, and uncompensated duty. *Id.* §§ 143.051-.055.

In cases in which a police department investigates a police officer's misconduct and takes disciplinary action against an officer, it is required by section 143.089(a)(2) to place all investigatory records relating to the investigation and disciplinary action, including background documents such as complaints, witness statements, and documents of like nature from individuals who were not in a supervisory capacity, in the police officer's civil service file maintained under section 143.089(a). *See Abbott v. Corpus Christi*, 109 S.W.3d 113, 122 (Tex. App.—Austin 2003, no pet.). All investigatory materials in a case resulting in disciplinary action are "from the employing department" when they are held by or are in the possession of the department because of its investigation into a police officer's misconduct, and the department must forward them to the city's civil service commission (the "commission") for placement in the civil service personnel file. *Id.* Such records may not be withheld under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 143.089 of the Local Government Code. *See* Local Gov't Code § 143.089(f); Open Records Decision No. 562 at 6 (1990).

However, a document relating to a police officer's alleged misconduct may not be placed in his civil service personnel file if there is insufficient evidence to sustain a charge of misconduct. *See* Local Gov't Code § 143.089(b). In addition, a document relating to disciplinary action against a police officer that has been placed in the officer's personnel file as provided by section 143.089(a)(2) must be removed from the officer's file if the commission finds that the disciplinary action was taken without just cause or the charge of misconduct was not supported by sufficient evidence. *See id.* § 143.089(c). Information that reasonably relates to a police officer's employment relationship with the police department and that is maintained in a police department's internal file pursuant to section 143.089(g) is confidential and must not be released. *See City of San Antonio v. San Antonio Express-News*, 47 S.W.3d 556 (Tex. App.—San Antonio 2000, pet. denied); *City of San Antonio v. Tex. Attorney General*, 851 S.W.2d 946, 949 (Tex. App.—Austin 1993, writ denied).

You inform us the information in Exhibit 2 relates to disciplinary action taken against one of the officers at issue. However, you explain the disciplinary action was overturned by a hearing examiner. Therefore, we understand you to assert this information is properly maintained in the department's internal files as authorized by section 143.083(g). Based on your representations and our review of the records at issue, we agree some of the information in Exhibit 2, which we have marked, is confidential pursuant to section 143.089(g) of the

Local Government Code, and must be withheld under section 552.101 of the Government Code.

However, we note the remaining information in Exhibit 2 consists of the hearing examiner's decision regarding the appeal of the disciplinary action made by the officer at issue. Pursuant to section 143.1016 of the Local Government Code, a police officer or fire fighter may elect to appeal disciplinary actions to an independent third party hearing examiner instead of to the commission. *See* Local Gov't Code § 143.1016(a); *see also id.* § 143.010 (commission appeal procedure). The hearing examiner has the same duties and powers as the commission in conducting the appeal. *Id.* § 143.1016(f). Section 143.011 of the Local Government Code provides that "[e]ach rule, opinion, directive, decision, or order issued by the commission must be written and constitutes a public record the commission shall retain on file." *Id.* § 143.011(c). As the hearing examiner has the same duties and powers as the commission, we find the written decision issued by a hearing examiner also constitutes a public record. *Id.*; *see also* Attorney General Letter Opinion No. 96-018 (1996) (finding hearing examiner appeals must be held in public like commission proceedings because pursuant to section 143.057 hearing examiner has same duties and powers as commission); *see* Local Gov't Code § 143.057(f); *see also City of Garland v. Byrd*, 97 S.W.3d 601 (Tex. App.—Dallas 2002, pet. denied) (private hearing examiner stands in shoes of civil service commission when rendering decision on discipline). Thus, the submitted hearing examiner's decision is subject to section 143.011(c) and is a public record. Although you claim the information at issue is confidential under section 143.089(g) of the Local Government Code, we find section 143.011 expressly makes appeal decisions issued by the commission public and section 143.1016 assigns the same commission duties to a hearing examiner. Thus, section 143.011 specifically controls the hearing examiner's appeal record at issue in this ruling, not section 143.089(g). Therefore, the department must release the submitted final decision of the hearing examiner under section 143.011 of the Local Government Code.

In summary, the department must withhold the information we have marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 143.089(g) of the Local Government Code. The department must release the remaining information.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at [http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl\\_ruling\\_info.shtml](http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml), or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for

providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Paige Lay".

Paige Lay  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

PL/bhf

Ref: ID# 509062

Enc. Submitted documents

cc: Requestor  
(w/o enclosures)